# Ph.D. Entrance Test - SYLLABUS - 2022

# Economics Part - 1

# **Research Methodology (50%)**

## **Course Contents:**

#### Unit - I

Theory of research: pure and applied research, methodological issues in social sciences, formulation of research problems, theoretical frame and hypothesis formulation. Research Plan: criteria for good research, broad aspects of researchin social sciences: ideal research plan and its different stages. Types of research: descriptive study, analytical study, historical study, survey study and case study

# Unit - II

Selection, definition and measurement of variables – reliability and validity of measurement, data collection method: primary and secondary sources of data; time series and cross-sectional data; participant observation method, interview method, and questionnaire method – translation of data – presenting and revision – selection and training of field work – field problems in data collection. Sampling techniques – economics and logic of sampling – sampling procedure – random sampling, purposive sampling and stratified sampling; Analysis and interpretation of data – editing, coding, tabulation and preparation of report writing and bibliography

#### Unit - III

Statistical methods – basic statistical concepts and techniques – measurement of central tendency – measurement of variability – skewness and kurtosis – correlation – bivariate regression technique – statistical description and inference

## Unit - IV

Theory of Probability: Concepts- Events, sample space, Random variable, probability distribution functions, Norma and Binomial Distributions

# Part - 2

Subject Syllabus: Economics Core Subject (50%) (UGC NET PAPER SYLLABUS II)

#### **Unit-1: Micro Economics**

- Theory of Consumer Behaviour
- Theory of Production and Costs
- Decision making under uncertainty Attitude towards Risk
- ☐ Game Theory Non Cooperative games
- Market Structures, competitive and noncompetitive equilibria and their efficiency properties
- Pactor Pricing
- General Equilibrium Analysis
- Efficient Criteria: Pareto-Optimality, Kaldor Hicks and Wealth Maximization
- 2 Welfare Economics: Fundamental Theorems, Social Welfare Function
- Asymmetric Information: Adverse Selection and Moral Hazard

#### **Unit-2: Macro Economics**

- National Income: Conceptand Measurement
- Determination of output and employment: Classical & Keynesian Approach
- Consumption Function
- Investment Function
- Multiplier and Accelerator
- Demand for Money
- Supply of Money
- IS- LM Model Approach
- Inflation and Phillips Curve Analysis
- Business Cycles
- Monetary and Fiscal Policy
- Rational Expectation Hypothesis and its critique

### **Unit-3: Statistics and Econometrics**

- Probability Theory: Concepts of probability, Distributions, Moments, Cetral Limit theorem
- Descriptive Statistics Measures of Central tendency & dispersions, Correlation, Index Numbers
- Sampling methods & Sampling Distribution
- Statistical Inferences, Hypothesis testing
- Linear Regression Models and their propertie BLUE
- Identification Problem
- Simultaneous Equation Models- recursive and non-recursive
- Discrete choice models
- Time Series Analysis

# **Unit-4: Mathematical Economics**

- Sets, functions and continuity, sequence, series
- Differential Calcula and its Applications
- Linear Algebra- Matrices, Vector Spaces
- Static Optimization Problems and their applications
- InputOutput Model, Linear Programming
- Difference and Differential equations with applications

# **Unit-5: International Economics**

- International Trade: Basic concepts and analytical tools
- Theories of International Trade
- International Trade under imperfect competition
- Balance of Payments: Composition, Equilibrium and Disequilibrium and Adjustment Mehanisms
- Exchange Rate: Concepts and Theories
- Foreign Exchange Market and Arbitrage
- Gains from Trade, Terms of Trade, Trade Multiplier

- Tariff and NonTariff barriers to trade; Dumping
- GATT, WTO and Regional Trade Blocks; Trade Policy Issues
- IMF & World Bank

## **Unit-6: Public Economics**

- Market Failure and Remedial Measures: Asymmetric Information, Public Goods, Externality
- Regulation of Market Collusion and Consumers' Welfare
- Public Revenue: Tax & NonTax Revenue, Direct & Indirect Taxes, Progressive and non-Progressive Taxation, Incidence and Effects of Taxation
- Public expenditure
- Public Debt and its management
- Public Budget and Budget Multiplier
- Fiscal Policy and its implications

# **Unit-7: Money and Banking**

- Components of Money Supply
- Central Bank
- Commercial Banking
- Instruments and Working of Monetary Policy
- Norbanking Financial Institutions
- Capital Market and its Regulation

# **Unit-8: Growth and Development Economics**

- Economic Growth and Eonomic Development
- Theories of Economic Development: Adam Smith, Ricardo, Marx, Schumpeter, Rostow, Balanced & Unbalanced growth, Big Push approach.
- Models of Economic Growth: HarroeDomar, Solow, Robinson, Kaldor
- Technical progress- Disembodied & embodied; endogenous growth
- Indicators of Economic Development: PQLI, HDI, SDGs
- Poverty and Inequalities- Concepts and Measurement
- Social Sector Development: Health, Education, Gender

# **Unit-9: Environmental Economics and Demography**

- Environment as a Public Good
- Market Failure
- Coase Theorem
- CostBenefit Analysis and Compensation Criteria
- Valuation of Environmental Goods
- Theories of Population
- Concepts and Measures: Fertility, Morbidity, Mortality

- Age Structure, Demographic Dividend
- Life Table
- 2 Migration

# **Unit-10: Indian Economy**

- 2 Economic Growth in India: Pattern and Structure
- Agriculture: Pattern & Structure of Growth, Major Challenges, Policy Responses
- Industry: Pattern & Structure of Growth, Majo Challenges, Policy Responses
- Services: Pattern & Structure of Growth, Major Challenges, Policy Responses
- Rural Development Issues, Challenges & Policy Responses
- Urban Development-Issues, Challenges and Policy Responses.
- Foreign Trade: Structure and Direction, BOP, Flow of Foreign Capital, Trade Policies
- Infrastructure Development: Physical and Social; Publi@rivate Partnerships
- Reforms in Land, Labour and Capital Markets
- CentreState Financial Relations and Finance Commissions of India; FRBM
- Poverty, Inequality & Unemployment